CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR QUARTER IV FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

Enterprise	Registration
Certificate	

No. 0101452588 dated 5 March 2004

The Enterprise Registration Certificate was initially issued by the Hanoi Department of Planning and Investment on 5 March 2004. The latest amendment (23rd) to the Enterprise Registration Certificate was issued on 26 December 2024.

Board of Directors

Mr. Dao Huu Huyen Chairman Mr. Dao Huu Duy Anh Member Mr. Pham Van Hung Member Mr. Luu Bach Dat Member

Ms. Nguyen Thi Thu Ha Indepe

Independent member

(appointed on 29 March 2024)

Mr. Nguyen Van Quang

Independent member

(resigned on 29 March 2024)

Board of Supervision

Mr. Nguyen Van Kien

Chief Supervisor

Mr. Vu Van Ngo Ms. Pham Thi Thoa Member Member

Board of Management

Mr. Dao Huu Duy Anh

General Director

Mr. Pham Van Hung Mr. Luu Bach Dat Deputy General Director Deputy General Director

Legal Representative

Mr. Dao Huu Huyen Mr. Dao Huu Duy Anh Chairman of Board of Directors

Member of Board of Directors/

General Director

Registered Office

No. 18 Lane 44, Duc Giang Street, Thuong Thanh Ward, Long Bien

District, Hanoi, Vietnam

STATEMENT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

Statement of Responsibility of the Board of Management of the Company in respect of the Consolidated Financial Statements for Quarter IV

The Board of Management of Duc Giang Chemicals Group Joint Stock Company ("the Company") is responsible for preparing consolidated financial statements for Quarter IV of the Company and its subsidiaries (together, "the Group") which give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2024, and the consolidated results of its operations and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended. In preparing these consolidated financial statements for Quarter IV, the Board of Management is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the consolidated financial statements on a going-concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group will continue in business.

The Board of Management is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the consolidated financial position for Quarter IV of the Group and enable the consolidated financial statements for Quarter IV to be prepared which comply with the basis of accounting set out in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements. The Board of Management is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud or error.

Approval of the Consolidated Financial Statements for Quarter IV

We hereby, approve the accompanying consolidated financial statements for quarter IV as set out on pages 5 to 45 which give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position for quarter IV of the Group as at 31 December 2024 and of the consolidated results of its operations and its consolidated cash flows for quarter IV in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements.

On behalf of the Board of Management

Dao Huu Duy Anh General Director Legal Representative

CÔNG TY CỔ PHẨN P ĐOÀN HÓA CH

> Hanoi, SR Vietnam 22 January 2025

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

			As at 31	December
Code	ASSETS	Note	2024 VND	2023 VND
				(As restated – Note 3)
100	CURRENT ASSETS		12.700.160.239.435	12,466,646,825,746
110	Cash and cash equivalents	4	129.669.897.631	1,060,574,918,860
111	Cash		104.009.397.631	48,074,918,860
112	Cash equivalents		25.660.500.000	1,012,500,000,000
120	Short-term investments		10.556.451.185.577	9,342,000,715,040
123	Investments held to maturity	5	10.556.451.185.577	9,342,000,715,040
130	Short-term receivables		979.781.050.371	1,129,510,487,178
131	Short-term trade accounts receivable	6	500.443.577.069	717,627,990,265
132	Short-term prepayments to suppliers	7	257.511.944.722	132,693,469,131
136	Other short-term receivables	9(0)	226.790.727.590	284,123,061,616
137	Provision for doubtful debts - short-term	8(a)	(4.965.199.010)	(4,934,033,834)
140	Inventories	9	984.656.028.502	854,908,643,204
141	Inventories	Ü	984.958.888.291	855,121,112,037
149	Provision for decline in value of inventorie	S	(302.859.789)	(212,468,833)
150	Other current assets		49.602.077.354	79,652,061,464
151	Short-term prepaid expenses		6.901.464.654	9,354,232,979
152	Value added tax ("VAT") to be reclaimed		42.140.612.700	69,737,828,485
153	Tax and other receivables from the State	Э	560.000.000	560,000,000
200	LONG-TERM ASSETS		3.119.914.291.503	3,133,867,338,940
210	Long-term receivables		32.496.859.984	31,224,645,692
216	Other long-term receivables	8(b)	32.496.859.984	31,224,645,692
220	Fixed assets		2.494.701.117.083	2,456,834,598,979
221	Tangible fixed assets	11(a)	2.151.486.481.782	2,105,228,933,980
222	Historical cost		5.036.546.343.652	4,639,651,008,517
223	Accumulated depreciation		(2.885.059.861.870)	(2,534,422,074,537)
227	Intangible fixed assets	11(b)	343.214.635.301	351,605,664,999
228	Historical cost		356.070.834.289	356,070,834,289
229	Accumulated amortisation		(12.856.198.988)	(4,465,169,290)
240	Long-term assets in progress		161.253.406.174	225,371,527,019
242	Construction in progress	12	161.253.406.174	225,371,527,019
260	Other long-term assets		431.462.908.262	420,436,567,250
261	Long-term prepaid expenses	10	349.565.061.422	339,649,498,560
262	Deferred income tax assets	20(a)	334.560.714	423,057,991
263	Long-term spare parts, supplies and equipment		24 222 242 050	15 040 644 000
269	Goodwill	13	24.222.342.858 57.340.943.268	15,813,841,639 64,550,169,060
270	TỔNG TÀI SẢN	16.55L	3	
210	IONG IAI SAN		15.820.074.530.938	15,600,514,164,686

The notes on pages 9 to 45 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statement

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

			As at 31 [December
		,	2024	2023
Code	RESOURCES	Note	VND	VND
				(As restated –
				Note 3)
300	LIABILITIES		2.119.232.586.769	3,563,181,359,270
310	Short-term liabilities		2.052.158.103.634	3,492,906,503,052
311	Short-term trade accounts payable	14	313.173.682.134	190,111,045,870
312	Short-term advances from customers	15	72.040.064.302	61,792,801,018
313	Tax and other payables to the State	16	183.077.974.768	79,848,905,083
314	Payables to employees		145.898.267.073	191,405,812,186
315	Short-term accrued expenses		1.622.723.309	5,801,674,727
319	Other short-term payables	17	10.081.237.216	1,260,739,296,609
320	Short-term borrowings and finance	18	10.001.207.210	.,=00,,00,=00,000
020	leases liabilities	10	863.793.705.884	1,328,012,657,205
322	Bonus and welfare fund	19	462.470.448.948	375,194,310,354
022	Donas and Wenare fund	10	102.170.110.210	3/3/10/1/07/07
330	Long-term liabilities		67.074.483.135	70,274,856,218
337	Other long-term payables		181.221.656	170,932,436
341	Deferred income tax liabilities	20	66.793.261.479	70,003,923,782
343	Fund for scientific and technological	20	00.100.201.110	10100010201.02
040	development		100.000.000	100,000,000
	acvelopment		10010001000	,,
400	OWNERS' EQUITY		13.700.841.944.169	12,037,332,805,416
410	Capital and reserves		13.700.841.944.169	12,037,332,805,416
411	Owners' capital	21, 22	3.797.792.860.000	3,797,792,860,000
411a	Ordinary shares with voting rights		3.797.792.860.000	3,797,792,860,000
412	Share premium	22	1.786.667.372.400	1,786,667,372,400
414	Owners' other capital	22	(849.228.747.207)	(849,228,747,207)
415	Treasury shares	21, 22	(8.730.000)	(8,730,000)
418	Investment and development fund	22	1.417.464.445.654	972,670,168,201
421	investment and development fand	San Sea	1,111.101.110.001	012,010,100,201
721	Undistributed earnings	22	7.205.092.920.193	5,999,140,534,512
421a	Undistributed post-tax profits of			
	previous years		5.355.603.087.676	4,178,378,686,876
421b	- Undistributed post-tax profit of			
	current year		1.849.489.832.517	1,820,761,847,636
429	Non-controlling interests	22	343.061.823.129	330,299,347,510
440	TOTAL RESOLUCES		15.820.074.530.938	15,600,514,164,686
440	TOTAL RESOURCES		10.020,074,000,000	=======================================

Hoang Thuy Ha Preparer Dao Thi Mai Chief Accountant Dao Hau Duy Anh General Director Legal Representative 22 January 2025

CÔNG TY CỐ PHẨN TẬP ĐOÀN HÓA CHẤT

DÚC GIANG

NSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

The notes on pages 9 to 45 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT (Indirect method)

			Year ended	31 December
Code		Note	2022 VND	2023 VND
			7110	***************************************
01	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Accounting profit before tax Adjustments for:		3,400,255,687,760	3,485,125,745,447
02	Depreciation and amortisation of fixed assets			
	and goodwill		377,859,245,439	358,024,943,117
03 04	Provisions/(Reversal of provisions)		121,556,132	(1,571,346,784)
	Unrealised foreign exchange losses		480,065,190	3,235,954,133
05	Profits from investing activities		(540,085,677,754)	(626,999,292,735)
06	Interest expense		21,119,085,914	31,946,744,275
80	Operating profit before changes in working			
	capital		3,259,749,962,681	3,249,762,747,453
09	Decrease/(increase) in receivables		187,911,087,954	(132,842,736,983)
10	(Increase)/decrease in inventories		(138,246,277,473)	197,687,653,754
11	Increase/(decrease) in payables		14,573,517,105	(181,824,146,393)
12	(Increase)/decrease in prepaid expenses		(9,376,110,958)	74,119,035,800
14	Interest paid		(21,401,201,007)	(31,782,499,657)
15	CIT paid		(242,832,943,978)	(264,989,999,044)
17	Other payments on operating activities		(111,401,460,978)	(126,244,975,071)
20	Net cash inflows from operating activities		2,938,976,573,346	2,783,885,079,859
21	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of fixed assets		(339,163,244,105)	(250,811,930,649)
22	Proceeds from disposals of fixed assets		(000,100,244,100)	560,677,046
23	Loans granted and term deposits at banks		(9,688,760,066,120)	(9,667,171,000,000)
24	Collection of loans and term deposits at banks		8,534,234,778,054	7,857,353,555,801
25	Investments in other entities		0,004,204,770,004	(763,637,682,601)
27	Dividends and interest received		480,160,495,283	485,351,970,475
30	Net cash outflows from investing activities		(1,013,528,036,888)	(2,338,354,409,928)
	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(1,070,020,000,000)	(2,000,001,100,020)
33	Proceeds from borrowings		3,690,259,288,205	3,446,634,447,927
34	Repayments of borrowings		(4,157,949,220,975)	(2,593,284,511,814)
36	Dividends paid, profits distributed to owners		(2,388,916,680,000)	(1,773,781,299,590)
40	Net cash outflows from financing activities		(2,856,606,612,770)	(920,431,363,477)
	Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents of			
50	year		(931,158,076,312)	(474,900,693,546)
60 61	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Effect of foreign exchange differences	4	1,060,574,918,860 253,055,083	1,535,474,845,085 767,321
70	Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	4	129,669,897,631	1,060,574,918,860
Add	ditional information relating to the cash flow statemen	t is pre ∑ ★	SENTEC IN NOTE 34/ CÔ PHẠN TẬP ĐOÀN HÓA CHẤT	

Hoang Thuy Ha Preparer

Dao Thi Mai Chief Accountant BiDao Huu Duy Anh General Director Legal Representative 22 January 2025

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Duc Giang Chemicals Group Joint Stock Company ("the Company") is a joint stock company established in SR Vietnam pursuant to the Enterprise Registration Certificate No. 0101452588 dated 5 March 2004 which was issued by Hanoi Department of Planning and Investment. The latest amendment (23rd) to the Enterprise Registration Certificate was issued on 26 December 2024.

The Company's shares are listed on the Ho Chi Minh City Stock Exchange ("HOSE") with the stock trading code of 'DGC'.

The business sector of the Company and its subsidiaries (together, "the Group") is manufacturing industrial products.

The principal activities of the Group are:

- Producing basic chemicals: producing of raw materials and chemical products;
- Producing fertilizers and nitrogen compounds: producing fertilizer products;
- Trading in rubber, paints, plastic and fertilizer products; trading in raw materials and chemical products;
- Producing plastics and synthetic rubber in primary form;
- Freight transport by road; and
- Mining.

The normal business cycle of the Group is 12 months.

As at 31 December 2024, the Group had three (03) dependent accounting units (Hung Yen Branch, Binh Duong Branch and Lao Cai Branch) and nine (09) subsidiaries. The details are as follows:

				As at 31.12 and 31.12	.2023
Sı	ıbsidiaries	Principal activities	Place of incorporation and operation	% of ownership	% of voting rights
1.	Duc Giang Lao Cai Chemicals Limited Company	Industrial manufacturing	Bao Thang District, Lao Cai	100%	100%
2.	Duc Giang - Dinh Vu Chemicals One Member Company Limited	Warehousing and storage business	Hai An District, Hai Phong	100%	100%
3.	Vietnam Apatite - Phosphorus Joint Stock Company	Industrial manufacturing	Bao Thang District, Lao Cai	51%	51%
4.	Duc Giang Nghi Son Chemicals One Member Company Limited	Industrial manufacturing	Tinh Gia District, Thanh Hoa	100%	100%
5.	Duc Giang Chemicals Sports One Member Company Limited	Sports activities	Long Bien District, Hanoi	100%	100%

1 GENERAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

				As at 31.12 and 31.12	
S	ubsidiaries	Principal activities	Place of incorporation and operation	% of ownership	% of voting rights
6.	Duc Giang Land One Member Company Limited	Real estates	Long Bien District, Hanoi	100%	100%
7.	Duc Giang - Dak Nong Chemical Limited Company	Industrial manufacturing	Cu Jut District, Dak Nong	100%	100%
8.	Tia Sang Battery Joint Stock Company (acquired on 21.03.2023)	Industrial manufacturing	An Duong District Hai Phong	51%	51%
9.	Phosphorus 6 One-member Limited Company (acquired on 10.07.2023)	Industrial manufacturing	Bao Thang District, Lao Cai		100%

On November 28, 2024, Phosphorus 6 LLC was merged into Duc Giang Lao Cai Chemicals Limited Company. Accordingly, Phosphorus 6 One-member Limited Company will transfer all assets, rights, obligations and other legitimate interests to Duc Giang Lao Cai Chemicals Limited Company and cease to exist from the date of merger.

As at 31 December 2024, the Group had 2,622 employees (as at 31 December 2023: 2,528 employees).

Statement of information comparability in the consolidated financial statements

The comparative figures presented on the consolidated balance sheet for quarter IV and the relevant notes are the figures of the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 which have been restated (Note 3). The comparative figures presented on the consolidated income statement, the consolidated cash flow statement for quarter IV and the relevant notes are the figures of the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation of the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for business combinations as presented in Note 2.5.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Vietnam's. The accounting principles and practices utilised in Vietnam may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Vietnam.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.1 Basis of preparation of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

The consolidated financial statements in the Vietnamese language are the official statutory consolidated financial statements of the Group. The consolidated financial statements in the English language have been translated from the Vietnamese version.

2.2 Fiscal year

The Company's fiscal year is from 1 January to 31 December.

2.3 Currency

The consolidated financial statements are measured and presented in Vietnamese Dong ("VND").

2.4 Exchange rates

Transactions arising in foreign currencies are translated at an exchange rate which is the rate approximating the average transfer exchange rate of the buying and selling rates of the commercial bank where the Group regularly transacts. The Group ensures that the disparity of the approximate exchange rate does not exceed +/- 1% compared with the average transfer exchange rate and does not materially impact the financial position and the result of operations during the fiscal year. The average transfer exchange rate is determined daily based on the average between the daily buying transfer rate and selling transfer rate of the commercial bank. Foreign exchange differences arising from these translations are recognised in the consolidated income statement.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the consolidated balance sheet date are translated at the transfer rate at the consolidated balance sheet date of the commercial bank where the Group regularly transacts. The transfer rate is the buying rate or selling rate of the commercial bank. Foreign exchange differences arising from these translations are recognised in the consolidated income statement.

2.5 Basis of consolidation

Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies in order to gain future benefits from their activities generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

In a multi-phase acquisition, when determining goodwill or bargain purchase, the consideration is the sum of the total consideration on the date of acquiring control and previous considerations remeasured to fair value on the date of control acquisition.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains and losses on transactions between group companies are eliminated.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.5 Basis of consolidation (continued)

Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same accounting period of the Group for the consolidation purpose. If there are differences in end dates, the gap must not exceed 3 months. Adjustments are made to reflect impacts of significant transactions and events occurring between the end dates of the subsidiaries' accounting period and that of the Group's. The length of the reporting period and differences in reporting date must be consistent between years.

Business combination

Accounting policies on business combinations are presented in Note 2.6.

Non-controlling transactions and interests

The Group applies a policy for transactions with non-controlling interests as transactions with external parties to the Group.

Non-controlling interests ("NCI") are measured at their proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets at date of acquisition.

Transactions leading to the change in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary that does not result in a loss of control is accounted for as a transaction with owners. The difference between the change in the Group's share of net assets of the subsidiary and any consideration paid or received from divestment of Group's interest in the subsidiary is recorded directly in the undistributed earnings under equity.

Transactions leading to the change in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary that results in a loss of control, the difference between the Group's share in the net assets of the subsidiary and the net proceeds from divestment is recognised in the consolidated income statement. The retained interest in the entity will be accounted for as either an investment in another entity or investment to be accounted for as equity since the divestment date.

2.6 Business combination

Business combinations using purchase method of accounting

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any non-controlling interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the consolidated income statement.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.6 Business combination (continued)

Entities under common control are those that are ultimately controlled by the same party (companies or individuals) or by multiple parties (groups of companies or groups of individuals) either before or after the business combination and that control is not transitory.

Business combinations involving entities under common control

The accounting method applicable to business combinations involving entities under common control is presented as follows:

- Assets and liabilities of the acquired entity are stated at predecessor carrying values.
 Fair value measurement is not required;
- No goodwill arises in the business combination;
- Any difference between the consideration given and the aggregate carrying value of the assets and liabilities of the acquired entity at the date of the transaction is included in equity (presented in the account "Owners' other capital" – Code 414);
- The consolidated balance sheet and consolidated income statement reflect the financial position and results of operations of the consolidated entities from the date of the combination.

After the date of the business combination, if the Group transfers and loses control in these entities, the difference between the consideration transferred from the acquirer and the net asset value of the acquirees which was previously recognised to the account "Owners' other capital" will be transferred to account "Undistributed earnings" in the consolidated balance sheet.

2.7 Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired subsidiary at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries is recognised as an asset and is amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated year of benefit but not exceeding a period of 10 years.

Goodwill on acquisitions of investments in joint ventures and associates is included in the carrying amount of the investments at the date of acquisition. The Group does not amortise this goodwill.

On disposal of the investments in subsidiaries or joint ventures and associates, the attributable amount of unamortised goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on the disposal.

Goodwill is carried at cost less accumulated amortisation, and is tested annually for impairment. If there is evidence that the impairment during the year is higher than the annual goodwill charge, the Group records the impairment immediately in the financial year.

Goodwill is not recognised in a business combination involving entities under common control (Note 2.6).

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, cash at banks, cash in transit and other short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

2.9 Investments held to maturity

Investments held to maturity are investments which the Group has a positive intention and ability to hold until maturity.

Investments held to maturity include term deposits with maturity of over three months and other investments held to maturity. Those investments are initially accounted for at cost. Subsequently, the Group reviews all outstanding investments to determine the amount of provision to recognise at the year end.

Provision for diminution in value of investments held to maturity is made when there is evidence that the investment is uncollectible in whole or in part. Changes in the provision balance during the fiscal year are recorded as an increase or decrease in financial expenses. A reversal, if any, is made only to the extent the investment is restored to its original cost.

Investments held to maturity are classified into short-term and long-term investments held to maturity on the consolidated balance sheet based on the remaining period from the consolidated balance sheet date to the maturity date.

2.10 Receivables

Receivables represent trade receivables from customers arising from sales of goods and rendering of services or non-trade receivables from others and are stated at cost. Provision for doubtful debts is made for each outstanding amount based on overdue days in payment according to the initial payment commitment (exclusive of the payment rescheduling between parties), or based on the estimated loss that may arise. The difference between the provision of this year and the provision of the previous year is recognised as an increase or decrease of general and administrative expenses in the year. Bad debts are written off when identified as uncollectible.

Receivables are classified into short-term and long-term receivables on the consolidated balance sheet based on the remaining period from the consolidated balance sheet date to the maturity date.

2.11 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined by the weighted average method and includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other directly-related costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. In the case of manufactured products, cost includes all direct expenditure and production overheads based on normal levels of operating activity. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the normal course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.11 Inventories (continued)

The Group applies the periodic system for main raw materials and finished goods and the perpetual system for sub-materials, tools and spare parts.

Provision is made, when necessary, for obsolete, slow-moving and defective inventory items. The difference between the provision of this year and the provision of the previous year is recognised as an increase or decrease of cost of goods sold in the year.

2.12 Fixed assets

Tangible and intangible fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation or amortisation. Historical cost includes any expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the fixed assets bringing them to suitable conditions for their intended use. Expenditure which is incurred subsequently and has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of fixed assets, can be capitalised as an additional historical cost. Otherwise, such expenditure is charged to the consolidated income statement when incurred in the year.

Depreciation and amortisation

Fixed assets are depreciated and amortised using the straight-line basis, except for machinery and equipment for mining activities which are depreciated using the units of production method, so as to write off the depreciable amount of the fixed assets over their estimated useful lives. Depreciable amount equals to the historical cost of fixed assets recorded in the financial statements minus (-) the estimated disposal value of such assets. Depreciation and amortisation are included in the operating expenses of the year, other than those related to fixed assets funded by the Bonus and welfare fund (Note 2.20(b)).

The estimated useful lives of each asset class are as follows:

Plant and buildings	6 – 25 years
Machinery	3 - 10 years
Motor vehicles (*)	5 – 8 years
Office equipment	3 – 7 years
Computer software	5 years

(*) Motor vehicles used for apatite ore mining at Khai Truong 25 mine are depreciated based on the units of production basis, which is expected to be within 6 years (2021 – 2026).

Land use rights comprise of land use rights granted by the State for which land use fees are collected, land use rights acquired in a legitimate transfer, and prepaid land use rights obtained under land rental contracts which are effective before the effective date of land law 2003 (ie. 1 July 2004) and which land use right certificates are granted.

Definite land use rights are stated at costs less accumulated amortisation. Costs of land use rights consist of its purchased prices and any directly attributable costs in obtaining the land use rights. Land use rights are amortised using the straight-line basis over the terms of the land use right certificates.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.12 Fixed assets (continued)

Indefinite land use rights are stated at costs and not amortised.

Disposals

Gains or losses on disposals are determined by comparing net disposal proceeds with the carrying amount of the fixed assets and are recognised as income or expense in the consolidated income statement.

Construction in progress

Construction in progress represents the cost of assets in the course of installation or construction for production, rental or administrative purposes, or for purposes not yet determined, which are recorded at cost and are comprised of such necessary costs to construct, repair and maintain, upgrade, renew or equip the projects with technologies. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other fixed assets, commences when they are ready for their intended use.

2.13 Leased assets

Leases where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

2.14 Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses include short-term and long-term prepayments on the consolidated balance sheet. Short-term prepaid expenses reflect prepayments for services; or tools that do not meet the recognition criteria for fixed assets for a period not exceeding 12 months or a business cycle from the date of prepayment. Long-term prepaid expenses reflect prepayments for apatite ore mining; services; or tools which do not meet the recognition criteria for fixed assets for a period exceeding 12 months or more than one business cycle from the date of prepayment. Prepaid expenses are recorded at historical cost and allocated on a systematic basis over their estimated useful lives.

Prepayments for land rental contracts which are effective after the effective date of the Land Law 2003 (ie. 1 July 2004) or which land use right certificates are not granted are recorded as prepaid expenses and allocated using the straight-line basis over the prepaid lease term. Site clearance costs related to the leased land are allocated in proportion to the prepaid lease term.

Fees for mineral exploitation right in connection with mining apatite ore at Khai Truong 25 mine of the Group are amortised based on the estimated exploitation volume, which is expected to be within 6 years (2021 - 2026).

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.15 Payables

Classifications of payables are based on their nature as follows:

- Trade accounts payable are trade payables arising from purchase of goods and services; and
- Other payables are non-trade payables and payables not relating to purchases of goods and services.

Payables are classified into short-term and long-term payables on the consolidated balance sheet based on the remaining period from the consolidated balance sheet date to the maturity date.

2.16 Borrowings

Borrowings and finance lease liabilities include borrowings and finance leases from banks, financial institutions, financial companies and other entities.

Borrowings are classified into short-term and long-term borrowings on the consolidated balance sheet based on the remaining period from the consolidated balance sheet date to the maturity date.

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the construction or production of any qualifying assets are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use. In respect of general-purpose borrowings, a portion of which used for the purpose of construction or production of any qualifying assets, the Group determines the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation by applying a capitalisation rate to the weighted average expenditure on the assets. The capitalisation rate is the weighted average of the interest rates applicable to the Group's borrowings that are outstanding during the year, other than borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset. Other borrowing costs are recognised in the consolidated income statement when incurred.

2.17 Accrued expenses

Accrued expenses include liabilities for goods and services received in the year but not yet paid for, due to pending invoice or insufficient records and documents. Accrued expenses are recorded as expenses in the reporting year.

2.18 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provision is not recognised for future operating losses.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.18 Provisions (continued)

Provisions are measured at the level of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. If the time value of money is material, provision will be measured at the present value using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as a financial expense. Changes in the provision balance during the fiscal year are recorded as an increase or decrease in operating expenses.

2.19 Capital and reserves

Owners' capital is recorded according to the actual amounts contributed at the par value of the shares.

Share premium is the difference between the par value and the issue price of shares and the difference between the repurchase price and re-issuing price of treasury shares.

Owners' other capital represents the difference between the consideration transferred from the acquirer and the net asset value of the acquiree in business combination involving entities under common control (Note 2.6).

Treasury shares bought before the effective date of the Securities Law (ie. 1 January 2021) are shares issued by the Company and bought back by itself, but these are not cancelled and may be re-issued subsequently in accordance with the Law on Securities. Treasury shares brought after 1 January 2021 will be cancelled and adjusted to reduce equity.

Undistributed earnings record the Group's results after CIT at the reporting date.

2.20 Appropriation of profit

The Group's dividends are recognised as a liability at the decision date of the shareholder's right to receive dividends.

Net profit after CIT could be distributed to shareholders after approval at a General Meeting of shareholders, and after appropriation to other funds in accordance with the Group's charter and Vietnamese regulations.

The Group's funds are as below:

(a) Investment and development fund

The investment and development fund is appropriated from profit after CIT of the Group and approved by shareholders in the General Meeting of shareholders. This fund is used for expansion of the scale of business or in-depth investment of the Group.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.20 Appropriation of profit (continued)

(b) Bonus and welfare fund

The bonus and welfare fund is appropriated from the Group's profit after CIT and subject to shareholders' approval at the General Meeting of shareholders. This fund is presented as a liability on the consolidated balance sheet. The fund is used for bonus and welfare to the Group's employees in accordance with the Group's bonus and welfare policies.

In addition, in accordance with Circular 200/2014/TT-BTC issued on 22 December 2014 by the Ministry of Finance, the fund is also used to purchase fixed assets for cultural and welfare activities of employees. Accordingly, the Group recognises fixed assets in the consoliated financial statements and depreciates them over their estimated useful lives (Note 2.12). However, the depreciation of these fixed assets is not recognised in the operating expenses of the year, but is recorded as a decrease to the fund.

2.21 Revenue recognition

(a) Revenue from sales of goods

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised in the consolidated income statement when all five (5) following conditions are satisfied:

- The Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- The Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group; and
- The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

No revenue is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due or the possible return of goods.

Revenue is recognised in accordance with the "substance over form" principle and allocated to each sales obligation.

(b) Revenue from rendering of services

Revenue from rendering of services is recognised in the consolidated income statement when the services are rendered, by reference to completion of the specific transaction assessed on the basis of the actual service provided as a proportion of the total services to be provided.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.21 Revenue recognition (continued)

(b) Revenue from rendering of services (continued)

Revenue from the sale of services is only recognised when all four (4) of the following conditions are satisfied:

- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group;
- The percentage of completion of the transaction at the consolidated balance sheet date can be measured reliably; and
- The costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction can be measured reliably.

(c) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on the basis of the actual time and interest rates for each period when both (2) following conditions are satisfied:

- It is probable that economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- Income can be measured reliably.

2.22 Sales deductions

Sales deductions include trade discounts, sales returns and allowances. Sales deductions incurred in the same year of the related revenue from sales of products, goods and rendering of services are recorded as a deduction from the revenue of that year.

Sales deductions for sales of products, goods or rendering of services which are sold or rendered in the year but are incurred after the consolidated balance sheet date but before the issuance of the consolidated financial statements are recorded as a deduction from the revenue of the year.

2.23 Cost of goods sold and services rendered

Cost of goods sold and services rendered are the cost of finished goods, merchandise, materials sold or services rendered during the year and recorded on the basis of matching with revenue and on a prudent basis.

2.24 Financial expenses

Financial expenses are expenses incurred in the year for financial activities including expenses of borrowing and losses from foreign exchange differences.

2.25 Selling expenses

Selling expenses represent expenses that are incurred in the process of selling products, goods, and providing services.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.26 General and administration expenses

General and administration expenses represent expenses that are incurred for administrative purposes of the Group.

2.27 Current and deferred income tax

Income tax includes all income tax which is based on taxable profits. Income tax expense comprises current tax expense and deferred tax expense.

Current income tax is the amount of Income tax payable or recoverable in respect of the current year taxable profits at the current year tax rates. Current and deferred income tax are recognised as an income or an expense and included in the profit or loss of the year, except to the extent that the income tax arises from a transaction or event which is recognised, in the same or a different year, directly in equity.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. Deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of occurrence affects neither the accounting nor the taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the financial year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the consolidated balance sheet date.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

2.28 Related parties

Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with the Group, including holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries are related parties of the Group. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Group that gives them significant influence over the Group, key management personnel, including the Board of Directors, Board of Supervision, Board of Management and close members of the family of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties.

In considering its relationships with each related party, the Group considers the substance of the relationship not merely the legal form.

2.29 Segment reporting

A segment is a component which can be separated by the Group engaged in sales of goods or rendering of services ("business segment"), or sales of goods or rendering of services within a particular economic environment ("geographical segment"). Each segment is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other segments. A reportable segment is the Group's business segment or the Group's geographical segment.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.30 Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements requires the Board of Management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the fiscal year.

The areas involving significant estimates and assumptions in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

- Estimated useful lives of fixed assets (Note 2.12);
- Corporate income tax (Note 31); and
- Contingent liabilities and other commitments (Note 37).

Such estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a material financial impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements and that are assessed by the Board of Management to be reasonable under the circumstances.

3 RESTATEMENTS OF COMPARATIVE FIGURES RELATING TO THE BUSINESS COMBINATION

On 10 July 2023, the Group completed the acquisition of 100% of ownership of Phosphorus 6 Joint Stock Company (subsequently, changed to Phosphorus 6 Company Limited). Accordingly, Phosphorus 6 Joint Stock Company became a subsidiary of the Group from this date. The Group temporarily recognised the fair values of assets and liabilities at the acquisition date of the subsidiary at their book values in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023.

On November 28, 2024, Phosphorus 6 LLC was merged into Duc Giang Lao Cai Chemicals Limited Company. Accordingly, Phosphorus 6 LLC will transfer all assets, rights, obligations and other legitimate interests to Duc Giang Lao Cai Chemicals LLC and cease to exist from the date of merger.

As at 31 December 2024, the Group has completed the revaluation and recognition of the fair values of the assets and liabilities at the acquisition date of the subsidiary in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System. Accordingly, the fair values of the assets, liabilities and goodwill of Phosphorus 6 Company Limited at acquisition date has been re-evaluated and restated as follows:

3 RESTATEMENTS OF COMPARATIVE FIGURES RELATING TO THE BUSINESS COMBINATION (CONTINUED)

	Fair value at acquisition date		
	As previously recognised VND	Adjustment VND	As restated VND
Asset Cash and cash equivalents Short-term receivables Inventories Value added tax ("VAT") to be reclaimed Tangible fixed assets Intangible fixed assets Construction in progress	327,082,165 1,541,734,372 9,956,246,463 1,205,121,439 362,850,422,092 1,423,218,873 377,303,825,404	(28,332,260,697) 344,344,880,930 - 316,012,620,233	327,082,165 1,541,734,372 9,956,246,463 1,205,121,439 334,518,161,395 344,344,880,930 1,423,218,873 693,316,445,637
Liabilities Short-term trade accounts payable Tax and other payables to the State Deferred income tax liabilities Other liabilities Total identifiable net assets	(11,485,793,833) (167,475) (2,866,830,028) (14,352,791,336) 362,951,034,068	(54,357,003,658) (54,357,003,658) 261,655,616,575	(11,485,793,833) (167,475) (54,357,003,658) (2,866,830,028) (68,709,794,994) 624,606,650,643
Goodwill	272,048,965,932	(261,655,616,575)	10,393,349,357

Accordingly, the comparative figures on the consolidated balance sheet for Quarter IV ended 31 December 2024 have been restated as follows:

3 RESTATEMENTS OF COMPARATIVE FIGURES RELATING TO THE BUSINESS COMBINATION (CONTINUED)

Consolidated balance sheet (extracted):

		As at 31 December 2023		
Code		As previously reported VND	Adjustment VND	As restated VND
200	LONG-TERM ASSETS	3,069,259,448,849	64,607,890,091	3,133,867,338,940
220 221 222 223	Fixed assets Tangible fixed assets Historical cost Accumulated depreciation	2,143,740,484,387 2,132,994,428,244 4,667,983,269,214 (2,534,988,840,970)	313,094,114,592 (27,765,494,264) (28,332,260,697) 566,766,433	2,456,834,598,979 2,105,228,933,980 4,639,651,008,517 (2,534,422,074,537)
227 228 229	Intangible fixed assets Historical cost Accumulated depreciation	10,746,056,143 11,725,953,359 (979,897,216)	340,859,608,856 344,344,880,930 (3,485,272,074)	351,605,664,999 356,070,834,289 (4,465,169,290)
260 269	Other long-term assets Goodwill	668,922,791,751 313,036,393,561	(248,486,224,501) (248,486,224,501)	420,436,567,250 64,550,169,060
270	TOTAL ASSETS	15,535,906,274,595	64,607,890,091	15,600,514,164,686
300	LIABILITIES	3,508,967,832,597	54,213,526,673	3,563,181,359,270
330 341	Long-term liabilities Deferred income tax	16,061,329,545	54,213,526,673	70,274,856,218
	liabilities	15,790,397,109	54,213,526,673	70,003,923,782
400	OWNERS' EQUITY	12,026,938,441,998	10,394,363,418	12,037,332,805,416
410 421 421b	Capital and reserves Undistributed earnings - Undistributed post-tax profit of current year	12,026,938,441,998 5,988,746,171,094 <i>1,810,367,484,218</i>	10,394,363,418 10,394,363,418 10,394,363,418	12,037,332,805,416 5,999,140,534,512 <i>1,820,761,847,636</i>
440	TOTAL RESOURCES	15,535,906,274,595	64,607,890,091	15,600,514,164,686

4 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

VND	VND
1,868,058,654 102,141,338,977 25,660,500,000	2,134,438,989 45,940,479,871 1,012,500,000,000
129,669,897,631	1,060,574,918,860
	1,868,058,654 102,141,338,977 25,660,500,000

(*) Included deposits at domestic commercial banks with original maturity of three months or less and interest rate ranging from 1.6% per annum to 4.7% per annum (2023: from 0.3% per annum to 3.55% per annum).

5 INVESTMENTS HELD TO MATURITY

	31.12	2.2024	31.12.2023		
	Cost VND	Book value VND	Cost VND	Book value VND	
Term deposits	10,556,451,185,577	10,556,451,185,577	9,342,000,715,040	9,342,000,715,040	

Included term deposits at domestic commercial banks with original terms over 3 months and the remaining terms less than 12 months and interest rates ranging from 4.0% to 6.0% per annum (2023: from 4.3% to 9.2% per annum).

6 SHORT-TERM TRADE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	31.12.2024 VND	31.12.2023 VND
Third parties (*) Related parties (Note 33(b))	487,695,034,073 12,748,542,996	709,470,838,124 8,157,152,141
	500,443,577,069	717,627,990,265

(*) Details for third-party customers accounting for 10% or more of the total short-term trade accounts receivable balance are as follows:

	31.12.2024 VND	31.12.2023 VND
Mitsubishi Corporation	60,813,553,912	38,618,709,360
Italmatch Chemicals S.P,A	41,209,632,000	
Perimeter Solutions De GMBH	66,715,667,10	Ţ 1 _p , ≡
Unid Global Corporation	25,679,963,988	32,561,481,680
United Phosphorus Limited	_	136,732,751,232
Sun International FZE		110,980,259,420
Aditya Birla Chemicals (Thailand)	1 27	90,606,305,787
Agrifield DMCC	_	79,687,548,847

7 SHORT-TERM PREPAYMENTS TO SUPPLIERS

31.12.2024

31.12.2023

VND

VND

Third parties

257,511,944,722

132,693,469,131

Details for suppliers accounting for 10% or more of the total short-term prepayments to suppliers balance are as follows:

31.12.2024

31.12.2023

VND

VND

China Tianchen Engineering Corporation

161,977,073,076 96,316,002,612

8 OTHER RECEIVABLES

		31.12.2024 VND	31.12.2023 VND
(a)	Short-term		
	Interest income from bank deposits Others	225,488,960,535 1,301,767,055	282,174,690,662 1,948,370,954
		226,790,727,590	284,123,061,616
(b)	Long-term		
	Deposits	25,500,000,000	25,500,000,000
	Environmental protection fund of Lao Cai Province (*)	6,996,859,984	5,724,645,692
		32,496,859,984	31,224,645,692

(*) (*) According to Decision 1057/QD-BTNMT dated 7 May 2020 issued by the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment, the total estimated costs of environmental rehabilitation and restoration related to the exploitation of apatite ore mines at Khai Truong 25 Mine is VND 8,005,545,000. This amount will be deposited into the Environmental Protection Fund of Lao Cai province in six instalments from 2021 to 2026 to guarantee the fulfilment of the Company's obligation of rehabilitating and restoring the environment. The balance as at 31 December 2024 is the amount that the Company has contributed to the Fund in accordance with the Decision (Note 37).

9 INVENTORIES

•	31.12.2	2024	31.12.2023		
	Cost	Provision	Cost	Provision	
	VND	VND	VND	VND	
Goods in transit	142,191,315,000	=:	_	-	
Raw materials	452,553,543,878	<u>~</u>	352,593,979,740		
Tools and supplies	12,214,500,837	=	57,086,651,738	9	
Work in					
progress	1,407,552,136	-	18,398,659,970	V=	
Finished goods	376,591,976,440	(302,859,789)	427,041,820,589	(212,468,833)	
	984,958,888,291	(302,859,789)	855,121,112,037	(212,468,833)	

10 LONG-TERM PREPAID EXPENSES

	31.12.2024 VND	31.12.2023 VND
Land clearance costs (i) Land rental fees (ii)	111,758,837,766 68,894,991,999	116,956,825,868 71,635,140,146
Expenses incurred for mining apatite ore at Khai Truong 25 Mine (iii)	59,271,786,555	81,994,461,681
Tools and supplies Favourable land use right (iv)	31,257,167,477 9,677,840,538	30,010,374,339
Others	29,856,752,917	16,510,838,047
Land clearance costs	38,847,684,170	10,762,387,273
	349,565,061,422	339,649,498,560

- (i) Included the prepayments for site clearance which are amortised on straight-line basis from 16 to 49 years in accordance with the periods of the land rental contracts.
- (ii) Included the prepayments for land rental fees which are amortised on straight-line basis from 29 years to 37 years in accordance with the periods of the land rental contracts.
- (iii) Mainly included expenses for site clearance, fees for using data and information on results of mineral assessment, fees for mineral exploitation right at Khai Truong 25 Mine which are amortised based on the exploitation volume over 6 years (2021 – 2026).
- (iv) Favourable land use rights arose from the acquisition of Tia Sang Battery Joint Stock Company which is amortised on a straight-line basis over the peirod of 22 years in accordance with the remaining period of the land lease contract from the acquisition date.

TES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR QUARTER IV R THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

FIXED ASSETS

Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and buildings VND	Machinery VND	Motor vehicles VND	Office equipment VND	Total VND
Historical cost As at 1 January 2024 (As restated – Note 3) New purchases and	2,357,361,883,826	1,999,375,810,844	262,957,892,596	19,955,421,251	4,639,651,008,517
Transfers from construction in progress (Note 12) Disposals	141,813,406,397	245,587,195,426 (5,779,836,363)	15,486,110,434 (848,974,893)	637,434,134	403,524,146,391 (6,628,811,256)
As at 31 December 2024	2,499,175,290,223	2,239,183,169,907	277,595,028,137	20,592,855,385	5,036,546,343,652
Accumulated depreciation As at 1 January 2024 (As restated – Note 3) Charge for the period Disposals	(1,022,407,483,451) (137,741,753,839)	(1,344,549,754,105) (185,145,730,259) 5,764,609,089	(155,124,046,250) (33,224,304,214) 621,420,726	(12,340,790,731) (912,028,836)	(2,534,422,074,537) (357,023,817,148) 6,386,029,815
As at 31 December 2024	(1,160,149,237,290)	(1,523,930,875,275)	(187,726,929,738)	(13,252,819,567)	(2,885,059,861,870)
Net book value As at 1 January 2024 (As restated – Note 3)	1,334,954,400,375	654,826,056,739	107,833,846,346	7,614,630,520	2,105,228,933,980
As at 31 December 2024	1,339,026,052,933	71,.252,294,632	89,868,098,399	7,340,035,818	2,151,486,481,782

STES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR QUARTER IV IN THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

FIXED ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Intangible fixed assets

Total VND (As restated – Note 3)	356,070,834,289	356,070,834,289	(4,465,169,290) (8,391,029,698)	(12,856,198,988)	343,214,635,301
Land use right VND	10,680,114,359	10,680,114,359	(t - t -	1	10,680,114,359
Phosphorus production right VND	344,344,880,930	344,344,880,930	(3,485,272,074) (8,364,652,978)	(11,849,925,052)	332,494,955,878
software vND	1,045,839,000	1,045,839,000	(979,897,216) (26,376,720)	(1,006,273,936)	39,565,064
	Historical cost As at 1 January 2024 (As restated - Note 3)	As at 31 December 2024	Accumulated depreciation As at 1 January 2024 (As restated - Note 3) Charge for the period	As at 31 December 2024	Net book value As at 1 January 2024 (As restated - Note 3) As at 31 December 2024 Historical cost

The historical cost of intangible fixed assets that were fully amortised but still in use as at 31 December 2024 was VND 788,666,000 (as at 31 December 2023: VND 788,666,000).

12 CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

Movements in the construction in progress during the year were as follows:

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Beginning of year Increases Increase due to acquisition of subsidiary Transfers to tangible fixed assets	225,371,527,019 98,341,535,260	233,577,105,533 215,320,252,449 1,452,978,619
(Note 11(a)) (*)	(162,459,656,105)	(224,978,809,582)
End of year	161,253,406,174	225,371,527,019

Details of construction in progress by projects at the year end are as follows:

	31.12.2024 VND	31.12.2023 VND
Nghi Son chemical factory project (i) Dak Nong factory project (ii) Expanded TPA factory project	135,445,877,867 - 5,288,311,899	134,304,010,000 - 35,340,592,212
Others	20,519,216,408	55,726,924,807
	161,253,406,174	225,371,527,019

- i) The project of plastics and chemicals industrial park located in Industrial Park No. 15 Nghi Son Economic Zone, Tan Truong Commune, Nghi Son Town, Thanh Hoa Province pursuant to the Decision No. 2152/QD-UBND of the People's Committee of Thanh Hoa Province dated 11 June 2020. The total investment capital of the project is VND 2,400 billion. Currently, the Group is in the process of land clearance, surveying and designing the factory.
- ii) The project of Duc Giang Dak Nong fertilizer manufacturing factory located at Lot CN16-2, Tam Thang Industrial Zone, Tam Thang Commune, Cu Jut District. The balance as at 31 December 2023 is the remaining value of the project still under construction.

GOODWILL

Movements of goodwill during the period are as follows:

14 SHORT-TERM TRADE ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

15

	31.12	.2024			31.12	2023
	Value VND	Able-to- amo	T 50.	Va	alue /ND	Able-to-pay amount VND
Third parties (*)	310,614,460,428	310,614,460,	428	186,326,017	,232	186,326,017,232
Related parties (Note 33(b))	2,559,221,706	2,559,221,	706	3,785,028	,638	3,785,028,638
	313,173,682,134	313,173,682,	134	190,111,045	,870	190,111,045,870
	rd-party suppliers ace are as follows:		or 10°			total trade accounts
				31.12.2024 VND		31.12.2023 VND
SUN INTERNATION		ompany -	142,	191,315,000		-
Lao Cai Fused Phosphate Fertilizer JSC			26,	549,101,400	_	23,436,321,808 39,333,782,324
SHORT-TERM ADVANCES FROM CUSTOMERS						
				31.12.2024 VND		31.12.2023 VND
Third parties			72, ——	040,064,302	=	61,792,801,018
Details for third- advances from cu				0% or more	of t	he total short-term
				31.12.2024 VND		31.12.2023 VND
K S International Shankar Lal Ramp	al Dua Cham Drive	ata Limitad				37,007,147,802
Liven Nutrients PT		ate LIMITEO				6,920,358,750

DTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR QUARTER IV IT THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

TAXES AND PAYABLES TO THE STATE

Movements in tax and other payables to the State during the year were as follows:

	As at	Payable during	Payment during	As at
	1.1.2024	the year	the year	31.12.2024
	VND	VND	VND	VND
VAT on domestic sales VAT on importation Import, export tax Corporate income tax Personal income tax	1,201,605,377	48,316,025,701	(45,851,150,733)	3,666,480,345
	3,654,098,871	103,415,010,373	(100,724,285,065)	6,344,824,179
	8,718,049,687	216,552,223,984	(213,546,067,070)	11,724,206,601
	60,340,903,996	296,151,299,939	(242,832,943,978)	113,659,259,957
	4,909,877,920	129,635,414,848	(87,902,378,494)	46,642,914,274
Natural resource taxes and mineral exploitation rights fees	456,960,000	32,864,034,874	(32,862,867,212) (37,558,856,820)	458,127,662
Others	567,409,232	37,573,609,338		582,161,750
	79,848,905,083	864,507,619,057	(761,278,549,372)	183,077,974,768
OTHER SHORT-TERM PAYABLES				
	31.12.2024 VND	31.12.2023 VND		

	*	
31.12.2023 VND	1,249,581,441,000 11,157,855,609	1,260,739,296,609
31.12.2024 VND	Dividends payable - 10,081,237,216 Others	10,081,237,216

TES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR QUARTER IV R THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS

Using Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam – Transaction Offfice Short-term loan – USD (ii) Branch (iii) Branch (iii) Branch (iiii) (iiiii) (
542,366,818,973 136,896,793,018 1221,400,023,469 60,894,358,168 60,894,358,168 197,734,575,720 85,272,445,622 54,483,869,916 15,083,114,871
542,366, 136,896, 60,894, 60,894, 197,734, 197,734, 197,734, 197,734, 197,734, 197,734,
u <u>a ≅</u>

THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

Details of outstanding short-term borrowings balances as at 31 December 2024 are as follows:

No.	No. Lenders	Credit limit and period	Year-end balance	Interest rate/year	Purpose	Collaterals
· ·	Joint Stock Commercial C Bank for Foreign Trade ir	Joint Stock Commercial Credit limit of VND 865 billion or foreign currency equivalent, Bank for Foreign Trade including:				
	Transaction Office	 Duc Giang Lao Cai Chemicals Limited Company: Credit limit of VND 700 billion or foreign currency equivalent. The period of each loan does not exceed 4 months from the date of drawdown. The loan is disbursed in VND. 	266,713,020,939	3,00%- 3.2%per annum	Supplement working capital	None
	500	 Phosphorus 6 Joint Stock Company: Credit limit of VND 50 billion or foreign currency equivalent. The period of each loan does not exceed 6 months from the date of drawdown. The loan is disbursed in VND. 	14,681,836,900	2,60%- 3.4%/per annum	Supplement working capital	None
=	Kasikornbank Public Company Limited – Ho Chi Minh Branch	Duc Giang Lao Cai Chemicals Limited Company: Credit limit of VND 400 billion or foreign currency equivalent. The period of each loan does not exceed 4 months from the date of drawdown. The loan is disbursed in VND	119,526,999,328	0,5% - 2,8%/per annum	Supplement working capital	None
	ACB Bank - Hoang Cau Branch	Duc Giang Lao Cai Chemicals Limited Company: Credit limit of VND 460 billion or foreign currency equivalent. The period of each loan does not exceed 6 months from the date of drawdown. The loan is disbursed in VND	153,419,681,452	3%/per annum	Supplement working capita	None

OTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR QUARTER IV IT THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

Details of outstanding short-term borrowings balances as at 31 December 2024 are as follows (continued):

		I with on VND.	
Collaterals	None None	Asset collateral with NBV of 5,4 billion VND.	
Purpose	Supplement working capital Supplement working capital	Supplement working capital, L/C	
Interest rate/year	3,0% - 3,2%/per annum 2.9% - 3.2%/per annum	3,0%/per annum	
Year-end balance	197,266,459,035	27,427,222,597	863,793,705,884
Credit limit and period	Credit limit of VND 1,000 billion or foreign currency equivalent: • Duc Giang Lao Cai Chemicals Limited Company: Credit limit of VND 800 billion or foreign currency equivalent. The period of each loan does not exceed 4 months from the date of drawdown. The loan is disbursed either in VND or USD. • Viet Nam Apatite – Phosphorus Joint Stock Company: Credit limit of VND 200 billion or foreign currency equivalent. The period of each loan does not exceed 6 months from the date of drawdown.	Tia Sang Battery Joint Stock Company: Credit limit of VND 40 billion or foreign currency equivalent. The period of each loan is determined by each drawdown. The loan is disbursed either in VND or USD.	Total
No Lenders	Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Investment and Development of Vietnam – Ha Thanh Branch	Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Investment and Development of Vietnam – Eastern Hai Phong Branch	
No	.≥	>	

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19 **BONUS AND WELFARE FUND**

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Beginning of year Increase in the year (Note 21) Increase due to acquisition of subsidiary Utilisation in the year Depreciation of fixed assets	375,194,310,354 201,999,455,952 - (111,401,460,978)	145,935,230,892 358,172,010,054 653,900,859 (126,244,975,071)
funded by the Bonus and welfare fund	(3,321,856,380)	(3,321,856,380)
End of year	462,470,448,94	375,194,310,354
OWNERS' CAPITAL		
Number of shares		

(a)

20

5 - x	31.12.2024 Ordinary shares	31.12.2023 Ordinary shares
Number of shares registered	379,779,286	379,779,286
Number of shares issued	379,779,286	379,779,286
Number of shares repurchased	(873)	(873)
Number of existing shares in circulation	379,778,413	379,778,413

(b) Details of owners' shareholding

6.	31.12.2	2024	31.12.20	23
	Ordinary shares	%	Ordinary shares	%
Mr. Dao Huu Huyen Ms. Ngo Thi Ngoc Lan Mr. Dao Huu Kha	69,794,354 25,205,068 22,667,148	18.378 6.637 5.969	69,794,354 25,205,068 22,667,148	18.378 6.637 5.969
Other shareholders Treasury shares	262,111,843	69.015 0.001	262,111,843	69.015 0.001
Number of shares issued	379,779,286	100	379,779,286	100

20 OWNERS' CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

(c) Movement of share capital

379,779,286 3,797,792,860,000 (8,730,000) 379,779,286 3,797,792,860,000 (8,730,000)	As at 1. January 2023	379 779 286	shares VND 3 797 792 860 000	shares VND (8 730 000)	Total VND 3 797 784 130 000
379,779,286 3,797,792,860,000 (8,730,000)	As at 31 December 2023	379,779,286	3,797,792,860,000	(8,730,000)	3,797,784,130,000
	As at 31 December 2024	379,779,286	3,797,792,860,000	(8,730,000)	3,797,784,130,000

Par value per share: VND 10,000.

THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

MOVEMENTS IN OWNERS' EQUITY

Total of capital and reserves VND (As restated – Note 3)	10,833,653,939,038	75,585,861,976	3,252,055,439,259	3	(4,258,703,213)	(358,172,010,054) (1,761,531,721,590)	12,037,332,805,416 3,109,580,224,213	i.	(204,352,216,230)	(2,549,29,462) (1,239,169,569,768)	13,700,841,944,169
Undistributed on-controlling interests earnings VND VND	382,447,457,563	75,585,861,976	141,675,834,026	1	,	(26,991,736,465)	330,299,347,510 120,755,152,696	r	(8,158,346,309)	(99,834,330,768)	343,061,823,129
Undistributed o earnings VND	5,083,856,880,644	ì	3,110,379,605,233	(344,802,025,776)	ř	(331,180,273,589)	5,999,140,534,512 2,988,825,071,517	(447,343,576,915)	(196,193,869,921)	(1,139,335,239,000)	7,205,092,920,193
Investment and development funds VND	632,126,845,638	1	ı	344,802,025,776	(4,258,703,213)	or own a	972,670,168,201	447,343,576,915	э	(2,549,299,462)	1,417,464,445,654
iry shares	3,730,000)	ī	1	E	Î	a av 3	3,730,000)	E	91	1 1	1 10
Owners' ury shares other capital VND VND	3,797,792,860,000 1,786,667,372,400 (849,228,747,207) (8,730,000)	Ĭ	Î	Ê	ï	1 1	1,786,667,372,400 (849,228,747,207) (8,730,000)	Ü	2	1 1	(849,228,747,207) (8,730,000)
Share premium VND	1,786,667,372,400	Ĭ	(i) 1	Ü	ì	3 (6)	1,786,667,372,400	,	j a)	T I	1,786,667,372,400
Owners' capital VND	3,797,792,860,000	1	ä	ř	ī	4/ 3E	3,797,792,860,000	1	810	E I	3,797,792,860,000
	As at 1 January 2023	subsidiary	(As restated – Note 3)	Appropriation to investment and development funds	investment fund in the year	Appropriation to borius and welfare funds Cash dividend payment	As at 31 December 2023 Net profit for the year	Appropriation to investment and development funds (*) Utilisation development	investment fund in the year (*)	Appropriation to bornus and welfare funds (*) Cash dividend payment (*)	As at 31 December 2024

Shareholders No. 01/2024/NQ-DHDCD of Vietnam Apatite Phosphorus Joint Stock Company dated March 27, 2024 and the Resolution of the The 2023 profit distribution plan is implemented in accordance with the Resolutions of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders No. 01/2024/NQ-DHDCD of Duc Giang Chemical Group Joint Stock Company dated March 29, 2024, the Resolution of the Annual General Meeting of Annual General Meeting of Shareholders No. 01/2024/NQ-DHDCD of Tia Sang Battery Joint Stock Company dated March 15, 2024.

22 EARNINGS PER SHARE

a) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to shareholders after deducting the bonus and welfare funds by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year adjusted for bonus shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares. The details were as follows:

	2024	2023
Net profit attributable to shareholders (VND)	2,988,825,071,517	3,099,985,241,815
Less amount appropriated to bonus and welfare funds (*)	(179,329,504,291)	(185,999,114,509)
Profit for calculation basic profit per share Weighted average number of ordinary	2,809,495,567,226	2,913,986,127,306
shares in circulation (shares)	379,778,413	379,778,413
Basic earnings per share (VND)	7,398	7,673

^(*) The bonus and welfare fund is temporarily calculated based on the same method of last year.

b) Diluted earnings per share

The Group did not have any ordinary shares potentially diluted during the year and up to the date of this consolidated financial statements for Quarter IV. Therefore, the diluted earnings per share is equal to the basic earnings per share.

23 OFF CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

Foreign currencies

As at 31 December 2024, included in cash and cash equivalents were balances held in foreign currencies of USD 1,755,670.82 and EUR 147.83 (as at 31 December 2023: USD 1,128,876.07 and EUR 585.95).

24 NET REVENUE FROM SALES OF GOODS AND RENDERING OF SERVICES

		2024 VND	2023 VND
	Revenue Revenue from sales of merchandise Revenue from sales of finished goods Revenue from rendering of services	3,223,085,231 9,846,059,009,653 16,019,843,589	11,099,556,824 9,724,914,162,475 25,044,130,859
		9,865,301,938,473	9,761,057,850,158
	Sales deductions Trade discounts Sales returns	(5,685,669,738)	(13,043,092,285)
		(5,685,669,738)	(13,043,092,285)
	Net revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services Net revenue from sales of merchandise	3,223,085,231	11,099,556,824
	Net revenue from sales of finished goods	9,846,059,009,653	9,711,871,070,190
	Net revenue from rendering of services	16,019,843,589	25,044,130,859
		9,865,301,938,473	9,748,014,757,873
25	COST OF GOODS SOLD AND SERVICES RE	NDERED	
		2024 VND	2023 VND
	Cost of merchandise sold Cost of finished goods sold	19,583,329,552 6,347,162,367,542	8,281,522,401 6,299,753,228,506
		6,366,745,697,094	6,308,034,750,907
26	FINANCIAL INCOME		· ·
		2024 VND	2023 VND
	Interest income from deposits and lendings Realised foreign exchange gains Net gain from foreign currency translation at year-end		
	lendings Realised foreign exchange gains Net gain from foreign currency translation at	VND 540,263,714,053 108,657,487,945	VND 626,596,450,780

27 FINANCIAL EXPENSES

		2024 VND	2023 VND
	Interest expense Realised foreign exchange losses Net loss from foreign currency translation at	21,119,085,914 46,351,219,539	31,946,744,275 63,286,103,364
	year-end	801,927,129	3,235,954,133
		33,915,279,707	98,468,801,772
28	SELLING EXPENSES		
		2024 VND	2023 VND
	External services Staff costs Depreciation and amortisation of fixed		ALCU ATTOM CARGOSTIV
	Staff costs	VND 449,987,815,041 22,429,335,448	VND 405,146,997,423 18,898,325,567

29 GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Staff costs Depreciation and amortisation of fixed	89,271,636,053	76,996,090,731
assets and goodwill	21,788,482,931	34,465,307,149
External services	17,443,495,095	10,118,903,328
Others	42,153,201,923	36,992,355,862
	170,656,816,002	158,572,657,070

30 CORPORATE INCOME TAX ("CIT")

The CIT on the Group's accounting profit before tax differs from theoretical amount that would arise using the applicable tax rate of 20% as follows:

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Accounting profit before tax	3,402,608,444,483	3,485,125,745,447
Tax calculated at a rate of 20% Effect of:	680,521,688,897	697,025,149,089
- Tax reduction, exemption (*)	(373,674,993,747)	(458,535,522,293)
 Expenses not deductible for tax purposes 	7,99,233,149	4,740,261,539
- Under-provision in previous years	2,703,076,705	234,781,271
CIT charge (**)	296,150,385,296	243,464,669,606

- (*) The Group is entitled to CIT incentives for the investment projects of its subsidiaries, including:
 - > Duc Giang Lao Cai Chemicals Limited Company:
 - Project Phosphorus Production Furnace No.1 and No. 2: tax rate of 10% for 15 years since operation (from 2009 to 2023), tax exemption for 4 years from the first year of having income from the project (from 2010 to 2013) and tax reduction of 50% for the following 9 years (from 2014 to 2022);
 - Project of Rich Phosphate Factory, Dicalcium Phosphate (DCP) Factory and Mono Ammonium Phosphate (MAP) Factory: tax rate of 10% for 15 years since the project started its operation (from 2014 to 2028), tax exemption for 4 years from year of having income from the project (from 2015 to 2018) and tax reduction of 50% for the following 9 years (from 2019 to 2027);
 - Project for Factory producing extracted phosphoric acid and rich phosphate fertilizer (TSP): 10% tax rate for 15 years since the project started its operation (from 2014 to 2028), tax exemption for 4 years from the year of having income from the project (from 2014 to 2017) and tax reduction of 50% for the following 9 years (from 2018 to 2026);
 - The project of Silicate production line and other taxable activities: preferential tax rate of 10% for 15 years from the year of having income from the first project (from 2009 to 2023).

30 CORPORATE INCOME TAX ("CIT") (CONTINUED)

- Duc Giang Lao Cai Chemicals Limited Company (continued):
 - Project of factory producing food phosphoric acid and phosphate salts: the tax rate is 10% for 15 years from the year the project started its operation (from

2016 to 2030), tax exemption for 4 years from the year of having income from the project (from 2016 to 2019) and 50% tax deduction in next 9 years (from 2020 to 2028);

- Vietnam Apatite Phosphorus Joint Stock Company:
 - Yellow phosphorus production project: tax rate of 10% for 15 years since the project started its operation (from 2018 to 2032), tax exemption for 4 years from the year of having income from the project (from 2018 to 2021) and 50% tax deduction in next 9 years (from 2022 to 2030).
- Duc Giang Dinh Vu Chemicals One Member Company Limited:
 - Chemical storage project: tax rate of 10% within 15 years since the year of generating revenue from activities having tax incentives (from 2013 to 2027), Income from the project is subject to tax exemption for 4 years from the year of generating taxable income (from 2015 to 2018) and 50% tax deduction in next 9 years (from 2019 to 2027).
- > Phosphorus 6 One Member Company Limited:
 - Yellow phosphorus production project: tax rate of 10% for 9 years since the project started its operation (from 2023 to 2031) and 50% tax deduction in next 9 years from the year of having income from the project (from 2023 to 2031).
- (**) The CIT charge for the year is based on estimated taxable income and is subject to review and possible adjustments by the tax authorities.

31 SEGMENT REPORTING

The Board of Management of the Company determines that the management decisions of the Group are based primarily on the types of products and service provided by the Group. As a result, the primary segment reporting of the Group is presented in respect of the Group's business segments.

Secondary segment report (geographical segments)

Segment information of net revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services based on the geographical location of customers is as follows:

	Year ended 31.12.2024			
	Domestic VND	Overseas VND	Total VND	
Net revenue Total expenses incurred for	3,036,384,922,214	6,746,941,358,581	9,783,326,280,795	
purchases of fixed assets (unallocated)	(*)	(*)	501,865,681,651	

Domestic

Year ended 31.12.2023

Total

FOR	THE YEAR ENDED 31 I	DECEMBER 2024		
		VND	VND	VND
	Net revenue Total expenses incurred for purchases of fixed	2,138,655,410,789	7,609,359,347,084	9,748,014,757,873
	assets (unallocated)	(*)		250,856,993,849
	geographical segm	ent report because th	ses incurred for purchas e Group operates in or assets by customers' lo	ne geographical area
32	ADDITIONAL INFORI		N ITEMS OF THE COM	NSOLIDATED CASH
			2024 VND	2023 VND
	Interest income from ro	lled-over deposits	59,925,182,471	60,864,441,585
33	RELATED PARTY DIS	SCLOSURES		
	Details of the key related parties and relationship are given as below:			
	Related parties Members of the Board Management, Board Accountant and other Van Minh Company Lir	of Supervision, Chief related individuals	Relationship Key management/Shar	
(a)	Related party transac	ctions		
	The primary transactions with related parties incurred in the year are:			
			2024 VND	
i)	Sales of goods and re Van Minh Company Lir	_	105,967,082,407	144,830,595,785
ii)	Purchases of goods a Van Minh Company Lir		123,541,859,058	128,455,640,263
(b)	Year end balances w	ith related parties		
			31.12.2024 VND	
	Short-term trade acc	ounts receivable (Not	(e 6)	0 157 150 144

12,748,542,996

8,157,152,141

Van Minh Company Limited

Van Minh Company Limited

2,559,221,706

CÔ PHÂN

3,785,028,638

34 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

There are no other material events occurring after the balance sheet date that require adjustment to or disclosure in the financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements for Quarter IV for the year ended 31 December 2024 were approved by the Board of Management of the Company on 22 January 2025.

Hoang Thuy Ha

Preparer

Dao Thi Mai Chief Accountant

Dao Huu Duy Anh General Director Legal Representative